

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2020/878

## MULTI SUPER 5

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : MULTI SUPER 5  
Registration number REACH : Not applicable (mixture)  
Product type REACH : Mixture

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Lubricant  
Detergent according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

##### 1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against known

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Supplier of the safety data sheet

Novatio\*  
Industrielaan 5B  
B-2250 Olen  
☎ +32 14 25 76 40  
☎ +32 14 22 02 66  
info@novatio.be  
\*NOVATIO is a registered trademark of Novatech International N.V.

##### Manufacturer of the product

Novatech International N.V.  
Industrielaan 5B  
B-2250 Olen  
☎ +32 14 85 97 37  
☎ +32 14 85 97 38  
info@novatech.be

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch) :  
+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Flam. Liq.	category 3	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Asp. Tox.	category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	category 2	H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements



Contains: Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized.

Signal word Danger

##### H-statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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## P-statements

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

## 2.3. Other hazards

May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition  
Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark	M-factors and ATE
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized 01-2119462828-25	64742-81-0 265-184-9	C≤70%	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	(1)(2)(6)(10)	Constituent	
propan-2-ol 01-2119457558-25	67-63-0 200-661-7	C≤7%	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent	
sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	68608-26-4 271-781-5	C≤5%	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	(1)	Constituent	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic 01-2119471299-27	64742-65-0 265-169-7	C≤3%	Asp. Tox. 1; H304	(20)(1)(2)(6) (10)	Constituent	

- (1) For H- and EUH-statements in full: see section 16  
(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit  
(6) Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data  
(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006  
(20) DMSO extract < 3 %

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General:

Observe (own) safety. If possible, approach victim and check vital functions. In case of injury and/or intoxication, call the European emergency number 112. Treat symptoms starting with most life-threatening injuries and disorders. Keep victim under observation, possibility of delayed symptoms.

#### After inhalation:

Remove victim into fresh air. In case of respiratory problems, consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After skin contact:

If possible, wipe up/dry remove chemical. Then rinse/shower immediately with (lukewarm) water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritation persists, consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. If you feel unwell, consult a doctor/medical service. Do not wait for symptoms to occur to consult Poison Center.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.2.1 Acute symptoms

##### After inhalation:

Dizziness. Drowsiness.

##### After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

##### After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue.

##### After ingestion:

Headache. Dry/sore throat. Coughing.

#### 4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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No effects known.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting class B foam extinguisher, Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher.

Major fire: Class B foam (not alcohol-resistant).

#### 5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Water (quick-acting extinguisher, reel); risk of puddle expansion.

Major fire: Water; risk of puddle expansion.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### 5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

#### 5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Heat/fire exposure: self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 136 + EN 137).

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

#### 6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See section 8.2

#### 6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves (EN 374). Protective goggles (EN 166). Head/neck protection. Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034).

Suitable protective clothing

See section 8.2

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product. Dam up the liquid spill. Try to reduce evaporation. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers.

Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C.

Observe normal hygiene standards. Keep container tightly closed. Do not discharge the waste into the drain.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### 7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Meet the legal requirements. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Fireproof storeroom. Protect against frost. Keep out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed.

#### 7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, oxidizing agents, reducing agents, (strong) acids, (strong) bases.

#### 7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

No data available

#### 7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

No data available

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 Occupational exposure

##### a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

##### Belgium

Alcool isopropylique	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	200 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value	400 ppm
	Short time value	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Carburant pour les moteurs à réaction (en vapeur d'hydrocarbure total) : application limitée aux conditions d'exposition aux aérosols négligeable	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Huiles minérales (brouillards)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

##### The Netherlands

Olienevel (minerale olie)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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##### France

Alcool isopropylique	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	400 ppm
	Short time value (VL: Valeur non réglementaire indicative)	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

##### Germany

Petroleumsulfonate, Natrium-Salze	<i>vgl. Abschn. IIb</i>	
Propan-2-ol	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	200 ppm (1)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1)

(1) UF: 2 (II)

##### Austria

2-Propanol Kurzzeitwert für Großguss	*) Kurzzeitwert für Großguss gilt bis 31.12.2013	
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	200 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Kurzzeitwert 30(Miw) 4x (MAK)	800 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 30(Miw) 4x (MAK)	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-Propanol	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	200 ppm
	Tagesmittelwert (MAK)	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	800 ppm
	Kurzzeitwert 15(Miw) 4x (MAK)	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

##### UK

Propan-2-ol	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	400 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	500 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

##### USA (TLV-ACGIH)

2-propanol	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	200 ppm
	Short time value (TLV - Adopted Value)	400 ppm
Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (1)
Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids: Poorly and mildly refined	<i>Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible</i>	

(1) (P): Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures

##### b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

##### Germany

Propan-2-ol (Aceton)	Urin: expositionsende, bzw. schichtende	25 mg/l	
Propan-2-ol (Aceton)	Vollblut: expositionsende, bzw. schichtende	25 mg/l	

##### USA (BEI-ACGIH)

2-Propanol (Acetone)	Urine: end of shift at end of workweek	40 mg/L	Background, Nonspecific
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#### 8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Isopropanol (Volatile Organic compounds)	NIOSH	2549

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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Product name	Test	Number
Isopropyl Alcohol (Alcohols I)	NIOSH	1400
Isopropyl Alcohol	NIOSH	3900
Isopropyl Alcohol	OSHA	5001
Oil Mist (Mineral)	NIOSH	5026

### 8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

### 8.1.4 Threshold values

#### DNEL/DMEL - Workers

propan-2-ol

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2.73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term local effects inhalation	5.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	0.97 mg/kg bw/day	

#### DNEL/DMEL - General population

propan-2-ol

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Type	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.74 mg/kg bw/day	

#### PNEC

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Compartments	Value	Remark
Oral	9.33 mg/kg food	

### 8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.

### 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe normal hygiene standards. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

#### a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit.

#### b) Hand protection:

Protective gloves against chemicals (EN 374).

Materials	Measured breakthrough time	Thickness	Protection index	Remark
nitrile rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	Class 6	

#### c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles (EN 166).

#### d) Skin protection:

Protective clothing (EN 14605 or EN 13034). Head/neck protection.

### 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See sections 6.2, 6.3 and 13

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Liquid
Colour	Yellow
Odour	Characteristic odour
Odour threshold	No data available in the literature
Melting point	No data available in the literature
Boiling point	82 °C - 300 °C
Flammability	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Explosion limits	1.2 - 12.0 vol %
Flash point	37 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	230 °C

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

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Decomposition temperature	No data available in the literature
pH	Not applicable (non-soluble in water)
Kinematic viscosity	1 mm <sup>2</sup> /s ; 40 °C
Dynamic viscosity	1 mPa.s ; 20 °C
Solubility	Water ; insoluble
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)
Vapour pressure	43 hPa ; 20 °C
Absolute density	821 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ; 20 °C
Relative density	0.82 ; 20 °C
Relative vapour density	No data available in the literature
Particle size	Not applicable (liquid)

## 9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate	1.3 ; Butyl acetate
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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

#### Precautionary measures

Keep away from naked flames/heat. Insufficient ventilation: take precautions against electrostatic charges. Insufficient ventilation: use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Insufficient ventilation: keep naked flames/sparks away.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, reducing agents, (strong) acids, (strong) bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Upon combustion: CO and CO<sub>2</sub> are formed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### 11.1.1 Test results

#### Acute toxicity

##### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrosulfurized

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 420	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male / female)	Read-across	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit (male / female)	Read-across	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 5.28 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male / female)	Read-across	

##### propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 401	5840 mg/kg bw		Rat	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	Equivalent to OECD 402	16400 ml/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 403	> 10000 ppm	6 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

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# MULTI SUPER 5

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg bw		Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 5000 mg/kg bw	24 h	Rabbit (male / female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (aerosol)	LC50	OECD 403	> 5.53 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

### Conclusion

Not classified for acute toxicity

### Corrosion/irritation

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	EPA OTS 798.4500			Rabbit	Read-across	Single treatment
Skin	Irritating		24 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Read-across	

#### propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405		1; 2; 3; 4; 7; 10; 14 days	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment without rinsing
Skin	Not irritating		4 h	4; 24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

#### sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating; category 2					Literature study	
Skin	Irritating; category 2					Literature study	

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Eye	Not irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405		24 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment with rinsing
Skin	Not irritating	OECD 404	24 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

### Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Not classified as irritating to the respiratory system

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD 406			Guinea pig (male)	Read-across	

#### propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Dermal	Not sensitizing	OECD 406			Guinea pig (male / female)	Experimental value	

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD 406			Guinea pig (male)	Experimental value	
Skin	Not sensitizing	Human observation			Human (male / female)	Experimental value	

### Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for inhalation

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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Not classified as sensitizing for skin

## Specific target organ toxicity

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral (stomach tube)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	750 mg/kg bw/day	No effect	21 week(s)	Rat (female)	Read-across	
Dermal	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 411	≥ 495 mg/kg bw/day	No effect	13 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Read-across	
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 413	> 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	No effect	90 days (continuous)	Rat (female)	Read-across	
Inhalation			STOT SE cat.3	Drowsiness, dizziness			Literature study	

### propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral							Data waiving	
Dermal							Data waiving	
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	OECD 451	5000 ppm	No adverse systemic effects	104 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	Dose level	Equivalent to OECD 403	5000 ppm	Central nervous system (drowsiness, dizziness)	6 h	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Oral (stomach tube)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 408	125 mg/kg bw/day	General (overall effects)	13 weeks (5 days / week)	Rat (male)	Read-across	
Dermal	NOAEL	OECD 410	1000 mg/kg bw/day	No adverse systemic effects	28 weeks (6h / day, 3 days / week)	Rabbit (male / female)	Read-across	
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOEL	Subacute toxicity test	220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	Lungs (no effect)	4 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Read-across	
Inhalation (aerosol)	NOAEL	Subacute toxicity test	> 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> air	No adverse systemic effects	4 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Read-across	

### Conclusion

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Not classified for subchronic toxicity

## Mutagenicity (in vitro)

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)	No effect	Read-across	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Read-across	

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

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## propan-2-ol

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)	No effect	Experimental value	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 476	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)	No effect	Experimental value	

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)		Read-across	
Negative with metabolic activation, negative without metabolic activation	OECD 476	Mouse (lymphoma L5178Y cells)		Read-across	
Positive with metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Read-across	

## Mutagenicity (in vivo)

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients  
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrosulfurized

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ/Effect	Value determination	Remark
Positive (Intraperitoneal)	Equivalent to OECD 479		Mouse (male)		Read-across	Single intraperitoneal injection
Negative (Intraperitoneal)	Equivalent to OECD 479		Mouse (female)	No effect	Read-across	Single intraperitoneal injection

## propan-2-ol

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ/Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative (Intraperitoneal)	Equivalent to OECD 474		Mouse (male / female)	No effect	Experimental value	Single intraperitoneal injection

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ/Effect	Value determination	Remark
Negative (Intraperitoneal)	OECD 474		Mouse (male / female)	Bone marrow (no effect)	Read-across	Single intraperitoneal injection

### Conclusion

Not classified for mutagenic or genotoxic toxicity

## Carcinogenicity

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients  
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrosulfurized

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Dermal		Equivalent to OECD 451		Skin (tumor formation)	104 week(s)	Mouse (male)	Read-across	

## propan-2-ol

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Inhalation (vapours)	NOEL	OECD 451	5000 ppm	No carcinogenic effect	104 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value	

## Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ/Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value determination	Remark
Dermal		Equivalent to OECD 451		No carcinogenic effect	78 week(s)	Mouse (female)	Read-across	

### Conclusion

Not classified for carcinogenicity

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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# MULTI SUPER 5

## Reproductive toxicity

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test) data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Category	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Foetus (no effect)	Read-across	
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	LOAEL	OECD 414	1500 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Foetus (reduced fetal bodyweights)	Read-across	
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 414	500 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	Read-across	
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	LOAEL	OECD 414	1000 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Maternal toxicity	Read-across	
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 415	≥ 1500 mg/kg bw/day	21 week(s)	Rat (female)	No effect	Read-across	
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 415	≥ 3000 mg/kg bw/day	10 week(s) - 13 week(s)	Rat (male)	No effect	Read-across	

### propan-2-ol

Category	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Developmental toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	400 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	Foetus (no effect)	Experimental value	
Maternal toxicity (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	400 mg/kg bw/day	10 day(s)	Rat	No effect	Experimental value	
Effects on fertility (Oral (drinking water))	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 415	853 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male / female)	No effect	Experimental value	

### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Category	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Developmental toxicity (Dermal)	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	30 mg/kg bw/day	20 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	No effect	Read-across	
Developmental toxicity (Dermal)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	125 mg/kg bw/day	20 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Embryotoxicity and fetotoxicity	Read-across	
Maternal toxicity (Dermal)	LOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	8 mg/kg bw/day	20 days (gestation, daily)	Rat	Maternal toxicity	Read-across	
Effects on fertility (Oral (stomach tube))	NOAEL	OECD 421	≥ 1000 mg/kg bw/day		Rat (male / female)	No effect	Experimental value	

### Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

## Aspiration hazard

### MULTI SUPER 5

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## Toxicity other effects

### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test) data on the mixture available

## Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### MULTI SUPER 5

No effects known.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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# MULTI SUPER 5

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No (test) data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	2 mg/l - 5 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	OECD 202	1.4 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EL50	OECD 201	1 mg/l - 3 mg/l	72 h	Selenastrum capricornutum	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Cell numbers
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEL	Equivalent to OECD 211	0.48 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Reproduction

#### propan-2-ol

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 203	9640 mg/l - 10000 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Lethal
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	Equivalent to OECD 202	> 10000 mg/l	24 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	Toxicity threshold		1800 mg/l	7 day(s)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Toxicity test
Long-term toxicity fish	NOELR	Petrotox computer model	> 1000 mg/l	28 day(s)	Brachydanio rerio			Estimated value
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		141 mg/l	16 day(s)	Daphnia magna		Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth
Toxicity aquatic micro-organisms	Toxicity threshold	Equivalent to DIN 38412/8	1050 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Toxicity test
	EC50	ISO 8192	41676 mg/l	30 minutes	Activated sludge			Experimental value

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50	OECD 203	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	Equivalent to OECD 202	> 10000 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Locomotor effect
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	NOEL	OECD 201	> 100 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish	NOELR		≥ 1000 mg/l	14 day(s)	Oncorhynchus mykiss		Fresh water	QSAR; Nominal concentration
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEL	OECD 211	10 mg/l	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP

#### Conclusion

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

#### Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F	58.6 %	28 day(s)	Experimental value

#### propan-2-ol

#### Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
EU Method C.5	53 %; Oxygen consumption	5 day(s)	Experimental value

#### Phototransformation air (DT50 air)

Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
AOPWIN v1.92	17.668 h	1.5E6 /cm <sup>3</sup>	Calculated value

# MULTI SUPER 5

sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

## Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301D	8 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

## Biodegradation water

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F	31 %; Oxygen consumption	28 day(s)	Experimental value

## Conclusion

### Water

Contains non readily biodegradable component(s)

The surfactant(s) is/are biodegradable according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

MULTI SUPER 5

### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		6.10		Experimental value

propan-2-ol

### BCF fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	BCFBFAF v3.01	1015			Estimated value

### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		0.05	25 °C	Weight of evidence approach

sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

### BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF		70.79			QSAR

### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
		22.12	25 °C	Literature study

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

### BCF other aquatic organisms

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	BCFBFAF v3.01	5147 l/kg; Fresh weight			Estimated value

## Conclusion

Contains bioaccumulative component(s)

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

### Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air	Fraction biota	Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Fugacity Model Level III	22.4 %		6.15 %	2.51 %	69 %	Calculated value

propan-2-ol

### (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	0.185 - 0.541	Calculated value

sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

### (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
Koc		831977330	Literature study
log Koc		8.92	Calculated value

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

### (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
log Koc	SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0	5.3 - 5.8	Calculated value

## Conclusion

Contains component(s) that adsorb(s) into the soil

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

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Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

### MULTI SUPER 5

#### Greenhouse gases

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

#### Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 2024/590)

#### Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

##### Greenhouse gases

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

##### Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

#### propan-2-ol

##### Greenhouse gases

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

##### Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

#### sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

##### Greenhouse gases

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

##### Greenhouse gases

Not included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 2024/573)

##### Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### 13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

##### European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

13 02 05\* (waste engine, gear and lubricating oils: mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

#### 13.1.2 Disposal methods

Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste.

Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment. Dispose of at authorized waste collection point.

#### 13.1.3 Packaging/Container

##### European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10\* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### Road (ADR)

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN number	1993
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#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name	flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; propan-2-ol)
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#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Hazard identification number	30
Class	3
Classification code	F1

#### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group	III
Labels	3

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

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14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Special provisions	601
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

## Rail (RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number	1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; propan-2-ol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	30
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Special provisions	601
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

## Inland waterways (ADN)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number/ID number	1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; propan-2-ol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Classification code	F1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	274
Special provisions	601
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).

## Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number or ID number	
UN number	1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; propan-2-ol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	III
Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	P
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	223
Special provisions	274
Special provisions	955
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 5 liters per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg (gross mass).
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable, based on available data

# MULTI SUPER 5

## Air (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number	UN number/ID number	1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Proper shipping name	flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized; propan-2-ol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class	3
14.4. Packing group	Packing group	III
	Labels	3
14.5. Environmental hazards	Environmentally hazardous substance mark	yes
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	A3
Passenger and cargo transport	Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging	10 L

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
73.620 %	
604.420 g/l	

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Threshold values under special circumstances

Substance or category	Special circumstances	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
P5b FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Particular processing conditions, such as high pressure or high temperature, may create major-accident hazards	50	200	None	Flammability
P5a FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	Maintained at a temperature above the boiling point	10	50	None	Flammability

Threshold values under normal circumstances

Substance or category	Low tier (tonnes)	Top tier (tonnes)	Group	For this substance or mixture the summation rule has to be applied for:
E2 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2	200	500	None	Eco-toxicity
P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000	None	Flammability

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 and amendments

15-30% aliphatic hydrocarbons, <5% anionic surfactants

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</li> <li>· propan-2-ol</li> <li>· Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</li> </ul>	Liquid substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	1. Shall not be used in: — ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays, — tricks and jokes, — games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market. 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they: — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with H304, 4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN). 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met: a) lamp oils, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly,

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

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		<p>legibly and indelibly marked as follows: “Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children”; and, by 1 December 2010, “Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life-threatening lung damage”;</p> <p>b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: “Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage”;</p> <p>c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.</p>
<p>· Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</p> <p>· propan-2-ol</p>	<p>Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.</p>	<p>1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,</li> <li>— artificial snow and frost,</li> <li>— “whoopee” cushions,</li> <li>— silly string aerosols,</li> <li>— imitation excrement,</li> <li>— horns for parties,</li> <li>— decorative flakes and foams,</li> <li>— artificial cobwebs,</li> <li>— stink bombs.</li> </ul> <p>2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:</p> <p>“For professional users only”.</p> <p>3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/ 324/EEC.</p> <p>4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.</p>
<p>· propan-2-ol</p> <p>· Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic</p>	<p>Substances falling within one or more of the following points:</p> <p>(a) substances classified as any of the following in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— carcinogen category 1A, 1B or 2, or germ cell mutagen category 1A, 1B or 2, but excluding any such substances classified due to effects only following exposure by inhalation</li> <li>— reproductive toxicant category 1A, 1B or 2 but excluding any such substances classified due to effects only following exposure by inhalation</li> <li>— skin sensitiser category 1, 1A or 1B</li> <li>— skin corrosive category 1, 1A, 1B or 1C or skin irritant category 2</li> <li>— serious eye damage category 1 or eye irritant category 2</li> </ul> <p>(b) substances listed in Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council</p> <p>(c) substances listed in Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 1223/2009 for which a condition is specified in at least one of the columns g, h and i of the table in that Annex (d) substances listed in Appendix 13 to this Annex.</p> <p>The ancillary requirements in paragraphs 7 and 8 of column 2 of this entry apply to all mixtures for use for tattooing purposes, whether or not they contain a substance falling within points (a) to (d) of this column of this entry.</p>	<p>Mixtures for tattooing purposes are subject to the restrictions of Regulation (EU) 2020/2081</p>

## National legislation Belgium

### MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

### Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Résorption peau	Carburant pour les moteurs à réaction (en vapeur d'hydrocarbure total) : application limitée aux conditions d'exposition aux aérosols négligeable; D; La mention “D” signifie que la résorption de l'agent, via la peau, les muqueuses ou les yeux, constitue une partie importante de l'exposition totale. Cette résorption peut se faire tant par contact direct que par présence de l'agent dans l'air.
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### propan-2-ol

Agents cancérigènes, mutagènes et reprotoxiques et aux agents possédant des propriétés perturbant le système endocrinien (Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, titre 2)	alcool isopropylique; VI.2.2.; Liste des procédés au cours desquels une substance ou un mélange se dégage; Procédé à l'acide fort dans la fabrication d'alcool isopropylique.
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## National legislation The Netherlands

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

BIG number: 32179

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## MULTI SUPER 5

Waterbezwaarlijkheid	A (2); Algemene Beoordelingsmethodiek (ABM)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	
SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	(complexe) aardolie- en steenkoolderivaten; Opgenomen in SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen
SZW - Lijst van mutagene stoffen	aardoliegassen en residuen; Opgenomen in SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen

### National legislation France

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

### National legislation Germany

#### MULTI SUPER 5

Lagerklasse (TRGS510)	3: Entzündbare Flüssigkeiten
WGK	1; Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) - 18. April 2017

#### Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

TA-Luft	5.2.5/I
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#### propan-2-ol

TA-Luft	5.2.5
TRGS900 - Risiko der Fruchtschädigung	Propan-2-ol; Y; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes nicht befürchtet zu werden

#### sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts

TA-Luft	5.2.5/I
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#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

TA-Luft	5.2.5/I
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### National legislation Austria

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

### National legislation United Kingdom

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

### Other relevant data

#### MULTI SUPER 5

No data available

#### Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

TLV - Skin absorption	Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor; Skin; Danger of cutaneous absorption
TLV - Carcinogen	Kerosene/Jet fuels, as total hydrocarbon vapor; A3

#### propan-2-ol

IARC - classification	3; Isopropanol
TLV - Carcinogen	2-propanol; A4

#### Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

TLV - Carcinogen	Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids: Poorly and mildly refined; A2
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## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment is required for a mixture.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Full text of any H- and EUH-statements referred to under section 3:

- H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(*)	INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG
ADI	Acceptable daily intake
AOEL	Acceptable operator exposure level
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
BEI	Biological Exposure Indices
CLP (EU-GHS)	Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
EC10	Effect Concentration 10 %
EC50	Effect Concentration 50 %
ErC50	EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
GLP	Good Laboratory Practice
LC0	Lethal Concentration 0 %

Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

Date of revision: 2024-05-27

Revision number: 1201

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LC50	Lethal Concentration 50 %
LD50	Lethal Dose 50 %
LOAEC/LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC/NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration/No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC/NOEL	No Observed Effect Concentration/No Observed Effect Level
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP	Sludge Treatment Process
vPvB	very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

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Reason for revision: 8; 12

Publication date: 2000-09-29

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