# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

# TRIMFIX WT

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

: TRIMFIX WT Product name

**Registration number REACH** : Not applicable (mixture)

**Product type REACH** : Mixture

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

### 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Adhesive

#### 1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

### Supplier of the safety data sheet

Novatio\* Industrielaan 5B

B-2250 Olen

**2** +32 14 25 76 40

**♣** +32 14 22 02 66 info@novatio.be

\*NOVATIO is a registered trademark of Novatech International N.V.

### Manufacturer of the product

Novatech International N.V.

Industrielaan 5B

B-2250 Olen

**2** +32 14 85 97 37

**4** +32 14 85 97 38

info@tec7.be

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch):

+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as dangerous according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

	addition as adilliberate accounting to the direction of Hegalation (25) He 1272/2000	
Class	Category	Hazard statements
Aerosol	category 1	H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
Aerosol	category 1	H229: Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
Carc.	category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic	category 3	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2. Label elements







Contains: dichloromethane; hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane.

H-statements

Extremely flammable aerosol. H222

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes skin irritation. H315

Causes serious eye irritation. H319

Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG)

Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel

http://www.big.be

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H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
P-statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122°F.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
dichloromethane 01-2119480404-41	75-09-2 200-838-9		Carc. 2; H351 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H336	(1)(2)(10)	Constituent
hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane 01-2119475514-35		1%≤C≤5%	Flam. Liq. 2; H225 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	(1)(10)	Constituent
petroleum gases, liquefied	68476-85-7 270-704-2	30%≤C≤60%	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas;	(1)(2)(10)	Propellant

<sup>(1)</sup> For H-statements in full: see heading 16

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### General:

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.

### After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

### After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

### After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

### After ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

# 4.2.1 Acute symptoms

### After inhalation:

EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Headache. Nausea. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression. Narcosis. Disturbances of consciousness.

### After skin contact:

Tingling/irritation of the skin.

# After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue.

# After ingestion:

No effects known.

# 4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

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<sup>(2)</sup> Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

<sup>(10)</sup> Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Water spray. BC powder. Polyvalent foam. Carbon dioxide.

#### 5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

On heating/burning: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (phosgene, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide). Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### 5.3.1 Instructions:

If exposed to fire cool the closed containers by spraying with water. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water.

### 5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosion proof appliances and lighting equipment.

#### 6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

### 6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Dam up the liquid spill.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into a non combustible material e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe strict hygiene. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### 7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Fireproof storeroom. Keep out of direct sunlight. Meet the legal requirements.

### 7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources.

### 7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Aerosol.

## 7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

Aluminium, viton, PVC.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

### 8.1.1 Occupational exposure

### a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

Methylene chloride; Dichloromethane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	100 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	353 mg/m³
	Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	200 ppm
	Short time value (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	706 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

# Belgium

Chlorure de méthylène	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	50 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	177 mg/m³
Pétrole (gaz liquéfié)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1826 mg/m³

### France

Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementa contraignante)		50 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	178 mg/m³
	Short time value (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	100 ppm
	Short time value (VRC: Valeur réglementaire contraignante)	356 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### Germany

Dichlormethan		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	50 ppm
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 900)	180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

### UK

Dichloromethane	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	100 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	300 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1060 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Liquefied petroleum gas	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1000 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1750 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	1250 ppm
	Short time value (Workplace exposure limit (EH40/2005))	2180 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

# USA (TLV-ACGIH)

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Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	50 nnm

### b) National biological limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

# Germany

Dichlormethan (Dichlormethan)	Vollblut: unmittelbar nach exposition	500 μg/l	11/2016 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG
UK			
Dichloromethane (carbon monoxide)	End-tidal breath: post shift	30 ppm	
USA (BEI-ACGIH)			
Dichloromethane (Dichloromethane)	urine: end of shift	0,3 mg/L	
Methemoglobin inducers	Blood: during or end of shift	1,5 % of	
(Methemoglobin)		hemoglobin	

### 8.1.2 Sampling methods

Product name	Test	Number
Methylene chloride (organic and inorganic gases by Extractive FTIR)	NIOSH	3800
Methylene chloride (Volatile Organic compounds)	NIOSH	2549
Methylene Chloride	NIOSH	1005
Methylene Chloride	OSHA	59
Methylene Chloride	OSHA	80

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### 8.1.3 Applicable limit values when using the substance or mixture as intended

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

### 8.1.4 DNEL/PNEC values

### **DNEL/DMEL - Workers**

dichloromethane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) Type		Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	353 mg/m³	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	706 g/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	12 mg/kg bw/day	

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре	Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	2035 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	773 mg/kg bw/day	

### **DNEL/DMEL - General population**

dichloromethane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) Type		Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term systemic effects inhalation	88.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Acute systemic effects inhalation	353 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	5.82 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	0.06 mg/kg bw/day	

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) Type		Value	Remark
DNEL	Long-term local effects inhalation	608 mg/m³	
	Long-term systemic effects dermal	699 mg/kg bw/day	
	Long-term systemic effects oral	699 mg/kg bw/day	

### PNEC

dichloromethane

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.31 mg/l	
Marine water	0.031 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.27 mg/l	
STP	26 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	2.57 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.26 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.33 mg/kg soil dw	

### 8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

# 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly.

# 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe strict hygiene. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. \\

### a) Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit.

### b) Hand protection:

Gloves.

### c) Eye protection:

Protective goggles.

# d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

# 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Aerosol
Odour	Hydrocarbon odour
Odour threshold	No data available
Colour	Amber
Particle size	Not applicable
Explosion limits	No data available
Flammability	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)

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Dynamic viscosity	50 mPa.s - 150 mPa.s ; 20 °C
Kinematic viscosity	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Boiling point	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Vapour pressure	4 bar - 6 bar ; 20 °C
Solubility	Water; insoluble
Relative density	1.2 ; 20 °C ; Liquid
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Explosive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties
Oxidising properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties
рН	No data available

### 9.2. Other information

Absolute density	1180 kg/m³ : 20 °C : Liquid
	0, , , , -

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

May build up electrostatic charges: risk of ignition. May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to heat.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

### **Precautionary measures**

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On heating/burning: release of (highly) toxic gases/vapours (phosgene, hydrogen chloride, carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide).

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

### 11.1.1 Test results

### **Acute toxicity**

### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

dichloromethane

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	OECD 401	> 2000 mg/kg		Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Dermal	LD50	OECD 402	> 2000 mg/kg	24 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50		49 mg/l air	7 h	Mouse	Experimental value	

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50		> 5840 mg/kg bw		Rat (male/female)	Read-across	
Dermal	LD50		> 2800 mg/kg bw	24 week(s)	Rat (male/female)	Similar product	
Inhalation (vapours)	LC50		> 25.2 mg/l	4 h	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value	

# Conclusion

Not classified for acute toxicity

### Corrosion/irritation

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### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	- •		Remark
Eye	Irritating					determination  Experimental value	Single treatment
Lye	IIIItatiiig				Nabbit	Experimental value	Single treatment
Skin	Irritating	OECD 404	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	
1							

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye	Not irritating				Rabbit	Read-across	
Skin	Irritating	Equivalent to OECD 404	4 h	24; 48; 72 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	

### Conclusion

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Not classified as irritating to the respiratory system

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

dichloromethane

Route of exposure	Result	Method	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin	Not sensitizing	OECD 429		Mouse (female)	Experimental value	

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

Route of exposure	Result	Method		Species	Value determination	Remark
			point			
Skin	Not sensitizing	Equivalent to OECD	24; 48 hours	Guinea pig	Read-across	
		406		(male/female)		

### Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for skin

Not classified as sensitizing for inhalation

# Specific target organ toxicity

## TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Oral (drinking water)		l '	6 mg/kg bw/day	Blood; liver	No effect	104 weeks (daily)	` ' '	Experimental value
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (vapours)		Equivalent to OECD 453	200 ppm	Liver		104 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	
Inhalation				Central nervous system	Drowsiness, dizziness			Experimental value

<u>hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane</u>

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time	Species	Value
								determination
Inhalation	NOAEC		4200 mg/m³ air		No effect	3 days (8h/day)	Rat (male)	Experimental
(vapours)								value
Inhalation	NOAEC		14000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		no neurotoxic	3 days (8h/day)	Rat (male)	Experimental
(vapours)					effects			value
			STOT SE cat.3		Drowsiness,			Annex VI
					dizziness			

# Conclusion

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Not classified for subchronic toxicity

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# Mutagenicity (in vitro)

### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

dichloromethane

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Positive	Equivalent to OECD 473	Chinese hamster ovary (CHO)		Experimental value
Positive	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value

<u>hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane</u>

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Negative	OECD 476		No effect	Read-across

# Mutagenicity (in vivo)

# TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Negative	OECD 474		Mouse (male/female)		Experimental value

### Carcinogenicity

# TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
exposure								determination
Inhalation	LOAEC	Equivalent to	1000 ppm	102 weeks (6h/day,	Rat (female)	Tumor formation	Mammary	Experimental
(vapours)		OECD 451		5 days/week)			gland	value
Inhalation	NOAEC	Equivalent to	2000 ppm	102 weeks (6h/day,	Rat (male)	No carcinogenic		Experimental
(vapours)		OECD 451		5 days/week)		effect		value

# Conclusion

Suspected of causing cancer.

# Reproductive toxicity

### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	- 0	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	LOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	1226 ppm	10 day(s)		Minor skeletal variations	l	Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	LOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	1226 ppm	10 day(s)		Methemoglobin emia	l	Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 416	≥ 1500 ppm		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	0	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC		≥ 1200 ppm	10 days (6h/day)	Rat	No effect		Read-across
Maternal toxicity	NOAEL	Equivalent to OECD 414	900 ppm	10 days (6h/day)	Rat (female)	No effect		Read-across
Effects on fertility	NOAEL (P/F1)	Equivalent to OECD 416	9000 ppm		Rat (male/female)	No effect		Read-across

# Conclusion

Not classified for reprotoxic or developmental toxicity

### **Toxicity other effects**

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No (test)data on the mixture available

# Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

TRIMFIX WT

ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

#### TRIMFIX WT

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

dichloromethane

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		193 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Lethal
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	EPA 660/3 - 75/009	27 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Nominal concentration
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50		> 660 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum			Literature study; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish	NOEC	ASTM	142 mg/l	28 day(s)	Pimephales promelas	Flow-through system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Lethal
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC50	OECD 209	2590 mg/l	40 minutes	Activated sludge	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LL50		11.4 mg/l WAF	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Semi-static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Acute toxicity crustacea	EL50	OECD 202	3.0 mg/I WAF	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; GLP
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EL50		30 mg/l WAF - 100 mg/l WAF	72 h	Pseudokirchnerie Ila subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value; Growth rate
Long-term toxicity fish	NOELR		2.045 mg/l	28	Oncorhynchus mykiss		Fresh water	QSAR
Long-term toxicity aquatic crustacea	NOEC		0.17 mg/l WAF	21 day(s)	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Read-across
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EL50		35.57 mg/l	48 h	Tetrahymena pyriformis		Fresh water	QSAR; Growth inhibition

## Conclusion

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

dichloromethane

**Biodegradation water** 

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301D: Closed Bottle Test	68 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

**Biodegradation water** 

Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301F: Manometric Respirometry Test	98 %; GLP	28 day(s)	Experimental value

# Conclusion

Does not contain any not readily biodegradable component(s)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

TRIMFIX WT

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

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### dichloromethane

#### **BCF** fishes

Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Value determination
BCF	OECD 305	2 - 40; GLP	6 week(s)	Cyprinus carpio	Experimental value

#### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
OECD 107		1.25	20 °C	Experimental value

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

#### Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	No data available			

#### Conclusion

No straightforward conclusion can be drawn based upon the available numerical values

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

dichloromethane

# Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air	 Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level III	43.8 %		11 %	45 %	Calculated value

hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane

#### (log) Koc

Parameter	Method	Value	Value determination
			Data waiving

#### Percent distribution

Method	Fraction air		Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination
Mackay level III	98 %	0 %	0.9 %	0 %	1.3 %	Calculated value

#### Conclusion

Contains component(s) with potential for mobility in the soil

Contains component(s) that adsorb(s) into the soil

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

## TRIMFIX WT

### Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Contains component(s) included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

### Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

### <u>dichloromethane</u>

### Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

### Groundwater

Groundwater pollutant

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### 13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

### **European Union**

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997.

Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

08 04 09\* (wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products): waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances).

16 05 04\* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

## 13.1.2 Disposal methods

Specific treatment. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Do not discharge into surface water (Directive 2000/60/EC, Council Decision 2455/2001/EC).

### 13.1.3 Packaging/Container

**European Union** 

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Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC). 15 01 10\* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

# SECTION 14: Transport information

	To a real spore in ormation	
Road	(ADR)	
14.	1. UN number	
	UN number	1950
14.	2. UN proper shipping name	
	Proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.	3. Transport hazard class(es)	
	Hazard identification number	
	Class	2
	Classification code	5F
14.	4. Packing group	
	Packing group	
	Labels	2.1
14.	5. Environmental hazards	
	Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.	6. Special precautions for user	
	Special provisions	190
	Special provisions	327
	Special provisions	344
	Special provisions	625
	Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for
		liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
D	nin)	
Rail (	KID)	
14.	1. UN number	
	UN number	1950
14.	2. UN proper shipping name	
	Proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.	3. Transport hazard class(es)	
	Hazard identification number	23
	Class	2
	Classification code	5F
14.	4. Packing group	·
	Packing group	
	Labels	2.1
14.	5. Environmental hazards	
	Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.	6. Special precautions for user	
	Special provisions	190
	Special provisions	327
	Special provisions	344
	Special provisions	625
	Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for
		liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
	I (Appel)	
	d waterways (ADN)	
14.	1. UN number	
	UN number	1950
14.	2. UN proper shipping name	
	Proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.	3. Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	2
	Classification code	5F
14.	4. Packing group	
	Packing group	
	Labels	2.1
14.	5. Environmental hazards	
	Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
	6. Special precautions for user	
	Special provisions	190
	Special provisions	327
	Special provisions	344
	Special provisions	625
	Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for
	annica qualitica	liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
		1 -1

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# Sea (IMDG/IMSBC)

14.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	·
Class	2.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	-
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	63
Special provisions	190
Special provisions	277
Special provisions	327
Special provisions	344
Special provisions	381
Special provisions	959
Limited quantities	Combination packagings: not more than 1 liter per inner packaging for liquids. A package shall not weigh more than 30 kg. (gross mass)
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the	e IBC Code
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable
r (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)	
14.1. UN number	
UN number	1950
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Environmentally hazardous substance mark

Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# European legislation:

14.5. Environmental hazards

Special provisions
Special provisions

14.6. Special precautions for user Special provisions

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content	Remark
612 g/l	

no

A145 A167

A802

30 kg G

Indicative occupational exposure limit values (Directive 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU)

Product name	Skin resorption
Methylene chloride; Dichloromethane	Skin

# REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
Directive 1999/45/EC or are fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:  (a) hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8	1. Shall not be used in:  — ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,  — tricks and jokes,  — games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects,  2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.  3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for

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	1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F; (b) hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10; (c) hazard class 4.1; (d) hazard class 5.1.	fiscal reasons, or perfume, or both, if they:  — can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and, — present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,  4. Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).  5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the market, that the following requirements are met:  a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children"; and, by 1 December 2010, "Just a sip of lamp oil — or even sucking the wick of lamps — may lead to life-threatening lung damage";  b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: "Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage";  c) lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.  6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.  7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to t
· hydrocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane	category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2,	1. Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:  — metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,  — artificial snow and frost,  — "whoopee" cushions,  — silly string aerosols,  — imitation excrement,  — horns for parties,  — decorative flakes and foams,  — artificial cobwebs,  — stink bombs.  2. Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:  "For professional users only".  3. By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/ 324/EEC.  4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.
· dichloromethane		1. Paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall not be: a) placed on the market for the first time for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2010; b) placed on the market for supply to the general public or to professionals after 6 December 2011; c) used by professionals after 6 June 2012. For the purposes of this entry: i) "professional" means any natural or legal person, including workers and self-employed workers undertaking paint stripping in the course of their professional activity outside an industrial installation; ii) "industrial installation" means a facility used for paint stripping activities. 2. By way of derogation from paragraph 1, Member States may allow on their territories and for certain activities the use, by specifically trained professionals, of paint strippers containing dichloromethane and may allow the placing on the market of such paint strippers for supply to those professionals. Member States making use of this derogation shall define appropriate provisions for the protection of the health and safety of those professionals using paint strippers containing dichloromethane and shall inform the Commission thereof. Those provisions shall include a requirement that a professional shall hold a certificate that is accepted by the Member State in which that professional operates, or provide other documentary evidence to that effect, or be otherwise approved by that Member State, so as to demonstrate proper training and competence to safely use paint strippers containing dichloromethane. The Commission shall prepare a list of the Member States which have made use of the derogation in this paragraph and make it publicly available over the Internet.  3. A professional benefiting from the derogation referred to in paragraph 2 shall operate only in Member States which have made use of that derogation. The training referred to in paragraph 2 shall cover as a minimum:  (a) awareness, evaluation and managemen

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presents no risk, or a lower risk, to the health and safety of workers. Professional shall apply all relevant safety measures in practice, including the use of personal protective equipment. 4. Without prejudice to other Community legislation on workers protection, paint strippers containing dichloromethane in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight may be used in industrial installations only if the following minimum conditions are met:

(a) effective ventilation in all processing areas, in particular for the wet processing and the drying of stripped articles: local exhaust ventilation at strip tanks supplemented by forced ventilation in those areas, so as to minimise exposure and to ensure compliance, where technically feasible, with relevant occupational exposure limits:

(b) measures to minimise evaporation from strip tanks comprising: lids for covering strip tanks except during loading and unloading; suitable loading and unloading arrangements for strip tanks; and wash tanks with water or brine to remove excess solvent after unloading;
(c) measures for the safe handling of dichloromethane in strip tanks comprising: pumps and pipework for transferring paint stripper to and from strip tanks; and suitable arrangements for safe cleaning of tanks and removal of sludge;

(d) personal protective equipment that complies with Directive 89/686/EEC comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing; and appropriate respiratory protective equipment where compliance with relevant occupational exposure limits cannot be otherwise achieved;

(e) adequate information, instruction and training for operators in the use of such equipment.

5. Without prejudice to other Community provisions concerning the classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, by 6 December 2011 paint strippers containing dichloromethane in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight shall be visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: "Restricted to industrial use and to professionals approved in certain EU Member States — verify where use is allowed."

### **National legislation Belgium**

TRIMFIX WT

No data available

petroleum gases, liquefied

Additional classification	Pétrole (gaz liquéfié); C; La mention "C" signifie que l'agent en question relève du champ d'application de l'arrêté royal du	
	2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l'exposition à des agents cancérigènes et	
	mutagènes au travail.	

### **National legislation The Netherlands**

TRIMFIX WT

	. (0)
lWaterbezwaarliikheid	IA (3)

## **National legislation France**

TRIMFIX WT

TRIMFIX WT

No data available

dichloromethane

Catégorie cancérogène	Dichlorométhane; C2
Risque de pénétration	Dichlorométhane; PP
percutanée	

### **National legislation Germany**

		2; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4)
di	<u>chloromethane</u>	
	TA-Luft	5.2.5; I
	TRGS900 - Risiko der	Dichlormethan; Z; Risiko der Fruchtschädigung kann auch bei Einhaltung des AGW und des BGW nicht ausgeschlossen
	Fruchtschädigung	werden.
	Hautresorptive Stoffe	Dichlormethan; H; Hautresorptiv
<u>h</u>	drocarbons, C6-C7, n-alkanes,	isoalkanes, cyclics, < 5% n-hexane
	TA-Luft	5.2.5; I

### **National legislation United Kingdom**

TRIMFIX WT

No data available

 $\underline{\text{dichloromethane}}$ 

Skin absorption	Dichloromethane; Sk
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# Other relevant data

TRIMFIX WT

No data available

dichloromethane

TLV - Carcinogen	Dichloromethane (Methylene chloride); A3
IARC - classification	2A; Dichloromethane

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

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No chemical safety assessment has been conducted for the mixture.

# SECTION 16: Other information

## Full text of any H-statements referred to under heading 3:

H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(\*) INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG

CLP (EU-GHS) Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)

DMEL Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL Derived No Effect Level
EC50 Effect Concentration 50 %

ErC50 EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50 %

LD50 Lethal Dose 50 %

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
STP Sludge Treatment Process

vPvB very Persistent & very Bioaccumulative

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Old versions must be destroyed. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

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